SICOT Declaration of Hyderabad
on Violence against Healthcare Workers

During the SICOT meeting in Hyderabad, several Presidents of national orthopaedic associations asked SICOT to protest violence against healthcare personnel which is considered by the International Committee of the Red Cross and Red Crescent as "one of the most crucial yet overlooked humanitarian issues today".

Facing this increasing bane [1], SICOT, in collaboration with representatives of international and national orthopaedic associations, has decided to write the following declaration.

Today, SICOT is proud to have brought together 63 orthopaedic societies, representing more than 200,000 orthopaedic surgeons around the world, to fight for this fundamental human right, without regards to national, economic or philosophical segregation.

The list of societies who have co-signed this declaration is not exhaustive and any group or individual may always endorse the declaration and use it in its own country. Any voluntary support to move this action internationally and locally is welcome.

Maurice Hinsenkamp
SICOT President

SICOT Declaration of Hyderabad

Violence of any kind represents an unacceptable lack of elementary respect for the dignity and integrity of all members of the human race.

Amongst these aggressions, those directed against healthcare personnel, who expose themselves to assist those who are wounded and disabled, cannot be tolerated.

Besides the serious harm done to individuals, this violence will impair the general healthcare system and compromise medical assistance to the world’s population.

On behalf of the undersigned regional and national orthopaedic associations, the International Society of Orthopaedic Surgery and Traumatology - SICOT urges international organizations and national authorities to take all the necessary measures to prevent and repress violence against healthcare workers and to protect them.

Prevention implies reporting each case of violence to establish an objective evaluation of the problem through national and international registries and sensitizing the civilian population.

Governmental authorities must introduce stronger penalties to fight this aggression.

Hospital administrations and local authorities must provide protection around medical practices, especially during the night duties, with minimum safety standards.

Reference

Jointly signed by:

Australian Orthopaedic Association - AOA
Österreichische Gesellschaft für Orthopädie und orthopädische Chirurgie - ÖGO
Belgische Vereniging voor Orthopedie en Traumatologie - BVOT
Société Royale Belge de Chirurgie Orthopédique et de Traumatologie - SORBCOT
Sociedade Brasileira de Ortopedia e Traumatologia - SBOT
Société Camerounaise de Chirurgie Orthopédique et de Traumatologie - SOCCOT
Canadian Orthopaedic Association - COA-ACO
Sociedad Chilena de Ortopedia y Traumatología - SCHOT
Chinese Academy of Orthopedic Surgeons - CAOS
Croatian Orthopaedic and Traumatology Association - COTA-HUOT
Sociedad Cubana de Ortopedia y Traumatologia - SCOT
Danish Orthopaedic Society - DOS
Egyptian Orthopaedic Association - EOA
Estonian Orthopedic Association - ETOS
Finnish Orthopaedic Association - FOA-SOY
Société Française de Chirurgie Orthopédique et de Traumatologie - SOFCOT
Deutsche Gesellschaft für Orthopädie und Orthopädische Chirurgie - DGOOC
Deutsche Gesellschaft für Orthopädie und Unfallchirurgie - DGOU
Hong Kong Orthopaedic Association - HKOA
Hungarian Orthopaedic Association - HOA
Indian Orthopaedic Association - IOA
Indonesia Orthopaedic Association – IOA-PABOI
Persian Orthopaedic Trauma Association - POTA
Iraqi Orthopaedic Association
Societa Italiana di Ortopediae Traumatologie - SIOT
Japanese Orthopaedic Association - JOA
Libyan Orthopaedic Association - LOA
Lithuanian Society of Orthopaedics and Traumatology - LSOT - LOTD
Malaysian Orthopaedic Association - MOA
Société Marocaine de Chirurgie Orthopédique et Traumatologique - SMACOT
Nederlandse Orthopaedische Vereniging - NOV
Nepal Orthopaedic Association - NOA
Nigerian Orthopaedic Association - NOA
Norwegian Association of Orthopaedic Surgery - NOA
Colegio Mexicano de Ortopedia y Traumatologia - CMO
Oman Orthopaedic Society - OOS
Pakistan Orthopaedic Association - POA
Philippine Orthopaedic Association - POA
Polish Society of Orthopaedics and Traumatology - PTOiTr
Sociedade Portuguesa de Ortopedia e Traumatologia - SPOT
Romanian Orthopaedic and Traumatology Society - SOROT
Serbian Orthopaedic and Traumatology Association - SOTA
Slovak Orthopaedic and Traumatologic Society - SOTS
Slovenian Orthopaedic Society - ZOSZD
South African Orthopaedic Association - SAOA
Sociedad Española de Cirugia Ortopedica y Traumatologia - SECOT

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SOUTH AFRICA
SPAIN
Swedish Orthopaedic Association - SOF
Swiss Society of Orthopaedics and Traumatology - SSOT
Royal College of Orthopaedic Surgeons of Thailand - RCOST
Société Tunisienne de Chirurgie Orthopédique et Traumatologique - SOTCOT
Turkish Society of Orthopaedics and Traumatology - TOTBID
American Academy of Orthopaedic Surgeons - AAOS
AO Foundation
Association of Study and Application of Methodology of Ilizarov - ASAMI
European Federation of National Associations of Orthopaedics and Traumatology - EFORT
European Society for Trauma and Emergency Surgery - ESTES
Eurospine, the Spine Society of Europe
Gulf Cooperation Council Orthopaedic Association - GCCOA
Nordic Orthopaedic Federation – NOF
Pan Arab Orthopaedic Association - PAOA
Sociedad Latino Americana de Ortopedia y Traumatología - SLAOT-LASOT
World Society for Reconstructive Microsurgery - WSRM
Société Internationale de Chirurgie Orthopédique et de Traumatologie - SICOT